

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A beam shaping method based on broadband antenna, comprising:

measuring the a frequency of input signals of the an antenna, the antenna comprising an antenna array, wherein the input signals can include signals with different frequencies, including an original frequency and a second frequency different from the original frequency;

determining the an effective antenna aperture between the elements of the antenna array according to the a measured frequency, wherein determining includes resampling at the antenna elements to ensure that the antenna's effective aperture changes from a first effective aperture to a second effective aperture to keep a beam width of the antenna constant with the two frequencies;

computing the a weight vector of each element of the antenna array to the input signals according to (i) the determined effective antenna aperture and the (ii) a transmission function of the antenna array; and

multiplying each of the input signals with a corresponding one of said weight vector of each element of the antenna array to the input signals, combining them into beam signals with constant beam width and outputting the beam signals.

2. (Original) The beam shaping method based on broadband antenna according to claim 1, wherein said step of multiplying the input signals with the corresponding weight vectors further includes:

performing a series of delaying operations on the input signals;

multiplying each delayed signal with the corresponding weight vector, and combining each delayed weighted signal.

3. (Currently Amended) The beam shaping method based on broadband antenna according to claim 1, further comprising:

performing FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) first so as to transform input signals into signals in frequency domain before measuring the frequency of input signals, and

performing IFFT (Inverse Fast Fourier Transform) so as to transform the combined signals in frequency domain into signals in time domain after combining the signals weighted by each element of the antenna array.

4. (Previously Presented) The beam shaping method based on broadband antenna according to claim 1, wherein said effective antenna aperture between elements is $d = \lambda / 2$, wherein λ is the wavelength of said input signals.

5. (Previously Presented) The beam shaping method based on broadband antenna according to claim 1, is performed by at least one of the base station and the mobile terminal.

6. (Currently Amended) A beam shaping apparatus based on broadband antenna, comprising:

an effective antenna aperture computing module, for measuring the a frequency of input signals of the an antenna, the antenna comprising an antenna array, wherein the input signals can include signals with different frequencies, including an original frequency and a second frequency different from the original frequency, and then determining the an effective antenna aperture between elements of the antenna array according to the a measured frequency, wherein determining includes re-sampling at the antenna elements to ensure that the antenna's effective aperture changes from a first effective aperture to a second effective aperture to keep a beam width of the antenna constant with the two frequencies;

a weight vector computing module, for computing ~~the~~ a weight vector of each element of the antenna array to said input signals according to (i) the determined effective antenna aperture and ~~the~~ (ii) a transmission function of the antenna array; and

a beam generating module, for multiplying each of said input signals with a corresponding one of said weight vector of each element of the antenna array to said input signals, and then combining them into beam signals with constant beam width and outputting the beam signals.

7. (Currently Amended) The beam shaping apparatus based on broadband antenna according to claim 6, wherein said beam generating module further includes:

a plurality of groups of delayers, each group for performing a series of delaying operations on the input signals;

a plurality of groups of weight vector adjusting modules, each group for multiplying each delayed signal with said corresponding weight vector; and

a beam combining module, for combining the weighted signals, and outputting the combined signals.

8. (Currently Amended) The beam shaping apparatus based on broadband antenna according to claim 6, further comprising:

a time/frequency transforming module, for performing FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) to the input signals of the antenna, so as to provide the transformed signals in frequency domain to said effective antenna aperture computing module; and

a frequency/time transforming module, for performing IFFT (Inverse Fast Fourier Transform) to the beam signals in frequency domain outputted from said beam generating module, to acquire the beam signals in time domain;

9. (Previously Presented) The beam shaping equipment based on broadband antenna according to claim 6, wherein said effective antenna aperture between elements of the

antenna array is $d = \lambda / 2$, where λ is the wavelength of said input signals.

10. (Currently Amended) A base station system, comprising:

a radio signal transceiving module, for receiving or transmitting radio signals;
an effective antenna aperture computing module, for measuring the a frequency of input signals of the an antenna of the base station, the antenna comprising an antenna array, wherein the input signals can include signals with different frequencies, including an original frequency and a second frequency different from the original frequency, and then determining the an effective antenna aperture between elements of the antenna array of the base station according to the a measured frequency, wherein determining includes re-sampling at the antenna elements to ensure that the antenna's effective aperture changes from a first effective aperture to a second effective aperture to keep a beam width of the antenna constant with the two frequencies; [L.]

a weight vector computing module, for computing the a weight vector of each element of the antenna array of the base station to said input signals according to (i) the determined effective antenna aperture and the (ii) a transmission function of the antenna array; and

a beam generating module, for multiplying each of said input signals with a corresponding one of the weight vector of each element of the antenna array of the base station to said input signals, then combining them into beam signals with constant beam width and outputting the beam signals.

11. (Currently Amended) The base station system according to claim 10, wherein said beam generating module further includes:

a plurality of groups of delayers, each group for performing a series of delaying operations on the input signals;

a plurality of groups of weight adjusting modules, each group for multiplying each

delayed signal with said corresponding weight vector; and
a beam combining module, for combining said weighted signals and outputting
the combined signals;

12. (Currently Amended) The base station system according to claim 10, further
comprising:

a time/frequency transforming module, for performing FFT (Fast Fourier
Transform) to input signals of the antenna of the base station, so as to provide signals
in frequency domain to said effective antenna aperture computing module; and

a frequency/time transforming module, for performing IFFT (Inverse Fast Fourier
Transform) to the beam signals in frequency domain combined and outputted from said
beam generating module, so as to acquire the beam signals in time domain. [[;]]

13. (Previously Presented) The base station system according to claim 10, wherein said
effective antenna aperture between elements of antenna array is $d = \lambda / 2$, where λ is
the wavelength of said input signals.

14. (Currently Amended) A mobile terminal, comprising:

a radio signal transceiving module, for receiving or transmitting radio signals;
an effective antenna aperture computing module, for measuring the a frequency
of input signals of the an antenna of the mobile terminal, the antenna comprising an
antenna array, wherein the input signals can include signals with different frequencies,
including an original frequency and a second frequency different from the original
frequency, and then determining the an effective antenna aperture between elements
of the antenna array of the mobile terminal according to the a measured frequency,
wherein determining includes re-sampling at the antenna elements to ensure that the
antenna's effective aperture changes from a first effective aperture to a second
effective aperture to keep a beam width of the antenna constant with the two

frequencies;

a weight vector computing module, for computing the a weight vector of each element of the antenna array of the mobile terminal to said input signals according to (i) the determined effective antenna aperture and the (ii) a transmission function of the antenna array; and

a beam generating module, for multiplying each of said input signals with a corresponding one of the weight vector of each element of the antenna array of the mobile terminal to said input signals, then combining them into beam signals with constant beam width and outputting the beam signals.

15. (Currently Amended) The mobile terminal according to claim 14, wherein said beam generating module further includes:

a plurality of groups of delayers, each for performing a series of delaying operations on the input signals;

a plurality of groups weight adjusting modules, each group for multiplying each delayed signal with said corresponding weight vector; and

a beam combining module, for combining said weighted signals and outputting the combined signals.

16. (Currently Amended) The mobile terminal according to claim 14, further comprising:

a time/frequency transforming module, for performing FFT (Fast Fourier Transform) to the input signals of the antenna of said mobile terminal, so as to provide the transformed signals in frequency domain to said effective antenna aperture computing module; and

a frequency/time transforming module, for performing IFFT (Inverse Fast Fourier Transform) to the beam signals in frequency domain combined and outputted from said beam generating module, so as to acquire beam signals in time domain. [[;]]

17. (Previously Presented) The mobile terminal according to claim 14, wherein said effective antenna aperture between elements of the antenna array is $d = \lambda/2$, where λ is the wavelength of said input signals.